

**GOA STATE INFORMATION COMMISSION**

Kamat Tower, Seventh Floor, Patto Panaji-Goa

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Penalty No. 4 /2020

In

Appeal No. 330/2019/SIC-I

Shri Ramakant V. Chimulkar  
R/o H. No.485/5, Dabhol Waddo,  
Chapora, Anjuna, Bardez-Goa.

.....Appellant

V/s

1. The Public Information Officer (PIO),  
The Secretary,  
Village Panchayat Anjuna-Caisua,  
Bardez-Goa.

2. The First Appellate Authority,  
The Block Development Officer Bardez,  
Mapusa, Bardez –Goa.

.....Respondents

**CORAM: Smt. Pratima K. Vernekar**, State Information Commissioner

Decided on: 04/03/2020

**ORDER**

1. The penalty proceedings have been initiated against the Respondent PIO under section 20(1) and or 20(2) of RTI Act, 2005 for not complying the order of the First Appellate Authority and for delay in furnishing the information.
2. The full details of the case are mentioned in the main order dated 30/1/2019. However, the facts are reiterated in brief in order to appreciate the matter in its proper prospective.
3. A request was made by the Appellant on 27/5/2019 interms of section 6(1) for information on 9 points including inspection of the records to the Respondent PIO of Village Panchayat Caisua Bardez-Goa mainly in respect of Assessment and Demand and Collection Register and all the details pertaining to form 7 and 8 in respect of House No. 485/5 of Village Panchayat Anjuna-Caisua, Bardez-Goa. Said application was responded by Respondent PIO on 22/6/2019 thereby informing him that the

information sought is voluminous in nature from the period 1/1/1994 to 31/12/1997 and he was requested to do the inspection of the records and to ask specific information. In pursuant to said letter as Appellant had difficult to read and understand documents in English language as such he approached PIO along with Panchayat ward member namely Shri Surendra Govekar to carry out the inspection of the said documents/records however Respondent PIO refused to allow inspection to his authorized person. Thus he being aggrieved by such denial and as no information was furnished as such he, preferred the first appeal on 28/6/2019 and the First Appellate Authority vide order dated 27/9/2019 allowed the appeal filed by the Appellant and directed Respondent PIO to allow for inspection of the files /documents to the Appellant along with authorized representatives within 15 days, from the date of the order and then to furnish the available information to the Appellant free of cost within a period of 7 days from the date of identifying the documents by the appellant. The Appellant despite of approaching the Respondent did not furnished him the inspection nor the information within stipulated time as was directed by the First appellate authority as such the Appellant approached this Commission on 25/11/2019 by way of appeal as contemplated u/s 19(3) of RTI Act, 2005, with the grievance stating that the Respondent PIO did not provide him the information with malafide intention even though directed by the First appellate authority (FAA). In the said appeal the Appellant prayed for directions for providing complete and correct information and also for invoking penal provision for inaction on the part of PIO in complying with the provisions of RTI Act. In the course of the hearing before this Commission PIO requested Appellant to inspect the documents first and to identify the documents required by him. Accordingly, after inspection was carried out by the Appellant, the information was furnished to the Appellant on

23/1/2020 by PIO. After hearing both the parties, the Commission vide order dated 30/1/2020 while disposing the Appeal No. 330/2019 came to the prima-facie finding that the order dated 27/9/2019 of the First Appellate Authority was not complied by Respondent PIO and there was a delay in furnishing complete information and that the Respondent PIO did not act diligently while disposing off the request for information under the RTI Act and hence directed to issue showcause notice to the Respondent PIO as contemplated u/s 20 (1) and 20(2) of the RTI Act.

4. In view of the said order dated 30/1/2020 the proceedings stood converted into penalty proceeding.
5. Accordingly showcause notice was issued to PIO on 9/2/2020. In pursuant to showcause notice PIO, was represented by Advocate kapil Kerkar who placed on records the reply dated 24/2/2020 of PIO Shri Dharmendra Govekar .
6. Since the Respondent PIO failed to appear when the matter was fixed for arguments, this Commission had no any option then to pass the order based on records available in the file .
7. Vide reply dated 24/2/2020 the PIO submitted that , he duly complied with the order passed by the First Appellate Authority and has already furnished the desired information to the Appellant free of cost and therefore under the bonafide belief did not remain present during the hearing in the second appeal. It was further submitted that the PIO has acted in good faith and as such he entitled for protection as per section 21 of the RTI Act, 2005. It was further submitted that the delay caused was purely unintentional and inadvertent and therefore there is no malafide intention on the part of PIO to cause an deliberate delay. He also relied upon the citation of Hon'ble High Court of Bombay given in writ petition No. 704/2012 Public authority V/s Shri Yeshwant Tolio Sawant and by Hon'ble High Court of Punjab and Haryana in civil writ petition No.6504 of 2009 in support of his case.

8. I have gone through the records available in the file, considered the submission made on behalf of the Respondent PIO.
9. The Respondent PIO have admitted that he was officiating as PIO when the application was filed by Appellant herein 27/5/2019 and when the order was passed on 27/9/2019 by the First Appellate Authority (FAA).
10. From the records, it reveals that even during the First Appellate Authority no information was provided to the Appellant herein. On perusal of the order of Respondent no.2, First Appellate Authority it is seen that the Respondent no.1 PIO was directed to provide the inspection alongwith his legal/authorized representative within 15 days from the date of the order and to provide the available information to the Appellant free of cost within the period of 7 working days from the date of identifying the documents by Appellant .
11. On perusal of the records, more particularly the judgment and order of the Respondent No.2 dated 27/9/2019, it is seen that the order was passed after hearing both the parties as such the Respondent PIO was well aware of the direction issued to him by Respondent No.2. It appears that the order dated 27/09/2019 of First Appellate Authority was not complied by the Respondent PIO.
12. Though the PIO in his reply to the showcause notice at para 3 have submitted that he has duly complied with the orders passed by the First Appellate Authority, however he has not placed any documentary evidence on records of having furnished the said information to the Appellant on a contrary the records show that the said inspection was only offered by Respondent PIO to the Appellant during the second appeal proceedings and the date for inspection was then mutually fixed by both the parties on 15/1/2020 and accordingly the same was carried by

the Appellant on 23/1/2020. Apparently from the above conduct of Respondent PIO one could gathered that the order of first appellate authority was not complied by the Respondent PIO.

13. The PIO also failed to show vis-a-vis any supporting documents as to how and why the delay in complying the order of First Appellate Authority and not furnishing the complete information was not deliberate and/or not intentional.
14. The RTI Act is enacted to provide fast relief to the information seeker and as such time limit is fix to provide the information within 30 days and to dispose the first appeal maximum within 45 days .The information was sought somewhere on 27/5/2019 and the information came to be furnished to the Appellant on 23/1/2020. There is delay in furnishing information.
15. The Hon'ble High Court of Punjab and Haryana, in Civil Writ Petition No.14161 of 2009, Shaheed Kanshi Ram Memorial V/s State Information Commission has held;

"As per provisions of the Act, Public Information Officer is supposed to supply correct information that too, in a time bound manner. Once a finding has come that he has not acted in the manner prescribed under the Act, imposition of penalty is perfectly justified. No case is made out for interference".

16. Yet in another case the Hon'ble Delhi High Court in W.P. (C) 3845/2007; Mujibur Rehman versus central information commission while maintaining the order of commission of imposing penalty on PIO has held;

"Information seekers are to be furnished what they ask for, unless the Act prohibits disclosure; they are not to be driven away through sheer inaction or filibustering tactics of the public authorities or their officers. **It is to ensure these ends that time**

**limits have been prescribed, in absolute terms, as well as penalty provisions. These are meant to ensure a culture of information disclosure so necessary for a robust and functioning democracy.”**

17. The Hon'ble Gujarat High Court in special civil Application No.8376 of 2010 in case of Umesh M. Patel V/s State of Gujarat has held that Penalty can be imposed if First Appellate Authority order not complied. The relevant para 8 and 9 is reproduced herein.

“Nevertheless, I cannot lose sight of the fact that the petitioner did not supply information, even after the order of the appellate authority, directing him to do so. Whatever be the nature of the appellate order the petitioner was duty bound to implement the same, whether it was a speaking order or whether the appellate authority was passing the same after following the procedure or whether there was any legal flaw in such an order, he ought to have complied with the same promptly and without hesitation. In that context, the petitioner failed to discharge his duty.”

18. The Hon'ble Bombay High Court Goa bench in writ petition No.304/2011, Johnson V. Fernandes V/s Goa State information commission ;AIR 2012 Bombay 56 has observed at para 6;

“ Nothing prevented the petitioner for furnishing the information to Respondent de-hors the appeal . in fact , if the petition is intended to furnish the information to Respondent (information seeker) he could have communicated it without waiting for Respondent No. 2 (appellant) to file an appeal ”.

The facts in the said case information was supplied for the first time before the first appellate authority. The Hon'ble High Court dismissed the appeal of the PIO by upholding the order of this commission wherein the penalty of Rs. 2000/- was awarded for failure to supply information in accordance with the provisions.

19. Hence according to the ratios laid down in the above judgment, the PIO has to provide correct information in a time bound manner as contemplated under the RTI Act. Conduct and attitude of Respondent PIO in the present matter appears to be suspicious vis-à-vis the intent of the RTI Act and is not in conformity with the provisions of the RTI Act.
20. The PIO must introspect that non furnishing of the correct or incomplete information lands the citizen before First Appellate Authority and also before this Commission resulting into unnecessary harassment of the common men which is socially abhorring and legally impermissible.
21. If the correct and timely information was provided to Appellant it would have saved valuable time and hardship caused to the Appellant herein in pursuing the said appeal before the different authorities. It is quite obvious that Appellant has suffered lots of harassment and mental torture in seeking the information under the RTI Act which is denied to him till date. If the PIO has given prompt and correct information such harassment and detriment could have been avoided.
22. The authorities relied by the Respondent PIO more particularly the writ petition No. 704/2012 does not come to his rescue as in that case the information was provided with marginal delay however the facts of the present case shows that there is 7 months delay in furnishing the information and despite of the order of First Appellate Authority, no information was submitted to the Appellant and only the same was furnished during the present second appeal proceedings.

23. Considering the above conduct, I find that PIO has without reasonable cause repeatedly has failed to furnish complete information within time. Thus I am convinced and is of the opinion that this is fit case for imposing penalty on PIO. Hence the following order.

ORDER

- i. The Respondent No.1 PIO Shri Dharmendra Govekar shall pay a amount of Rs.4000/- (Rupees Four Thousand Only) as penalty for not complying the order of First appellate authority within stipulated time as directed by the First Appellate Authority and for delay in furnishing the information.
- ii. Aforesaid total amount payable as penalty shall be deducted from the salary of PIO and the penalty amount shall be credited to the Government treasury at North-Goa.
- iii. Copy of this order should be sent to the Director of Panchayat of North-Goa at Panaji -Goa and Director of Accounts, North-Goa at Panajim for information and implementation.

With the above directions penalty proceedings closed.

Pronounced in the open court. Notify the parties.

Authenticated copies of the Order should be given to the parties free of cost.

Aggrieved party if any may move against this order by way of a Writ Petition as no further Appeal is provided against this order under the Right to Information Act 2005.

Sd/-  
(Ms. Pratima K. Vernekar)  
State Information Commissioner  
Goa State Information Commission,  
Panaji-Goa